

THE HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

RODERICK O. MATHESON, EDITOR

FRIDAY MORNING,
MAY 5, 1916.

THE ADVERTISER'S SEMI-WEEKLY

BREVITIES

(From Wednesday Advertiser)
An action to quiet title to land in Kapahulu was filed in the circuit court yesterday by Charles S. Martin against J. A. Bortfeld.

The Trust Company, administrators, filed yesterday in the circuit court the inventory of the estate of Mrs. Emily Theodora Christensen, deceased, showing property on hand worth \$819,347.

Ninety-four actions for divorce have been filed in Honolulu since the first of the year. The suit filed yesterday, the third already for May, was that of Tomokichi Watanabe against Rita Watanabe, desertion being charged.

von Hamm Young company proved to be the lowest bidder on a refrigerating plant for the "Boys' Industrial school," when bids were opened. The office of superintendent of public works. The bid was for \$1880, ninety days' delivery.

David Funk, a young Honolulu, filed application for a passport in the office of the clerk of the federal court yesterday. He expects to leave for the Orient in the Tenyo Maru on June 18 and will spend some time in the Strait Settlements.

Hammill Mill Company lost one of its plantation night watchmen on the second night. More than ten gallons of water fell on the man's back. Some damage to fields occurred on all the plantations in the Hilo and Hamakua districts.

Under the order to show cause, in the divorce case of Mary Louis Anderson against Oscar Nelson Anderson, Judge Whitney yesterday ordered the husband to pay twenty-five dollars a month as temporary alimony to Mrs. Anderson and fifty dollars as a fee to her lawyer.

St. Ann's Hospital, Hospital Corps, U. S. A., has been detailed as instructor for the national guard medical corps, and will leave here Saturday for Hilo, where he will remain for a month instructing the hospital detachment there. Later he will visit Kama, Maui, and finally return to duty with the guard headquarters detachment in Oahu.

Subject to existing mortgages, a decree of registered title has been issued out of the land court to Arthur K. Horn.

The Territory yesterday filed in Judge Whitney's land court a petition for registered title to land containing 125.8 acres, situated in Waimanalo, Ewa, this island.

Francis M. Hatch has filed in the land court a petition for registered title to land in King and Maunaloa streets containing 14,218 square feet and valued at \$23,910.

The board of harbor commissioners yesterday afternoon opened the line bid for the New Harbor wharf extension. It was from the Lloyd Young Engineering Company, with an offer of \$3457 and 120 working days.

After several weeks of backing and filling Governor Iwakura finally made up his mind to appoint Dr. J. H. Raymond to fill the vacancy on the board of supervisors for the County of Maui as the successor of Philip P. Smith, now district magistrate at Lahaina.

The inventory of the property of John M. Keola, an Oahu resident, minors, was filed in the circuit court yesterday by Charles H. Rose, guardian. The minors own an undivided three-fifths interest in six acres of land in Oahu, and a like interest in personal property valued at \$25,065.22.

A petition, which will be heard by Judge Whitney on June 6, was filed in the circuit court yesterday by Friedrich Weber for his appointment as administrator of the estate of Hermann Dortmund, who died in Germany on May 1, 1914. The estate, which consists of thirty-four shares of the capital stock of the Lohr Island Steam Navigation Company, is valued at \$32,400.

The territorial grand jury will meet today. There has been no meeting of this body during the past three months.

William Munroe, charged with selling booze without paying the internal revenue tax, will be called on to plead in the federal court at ten o'clock tomorrow morning.

H. Cushman Carter, having resigned as one of the members of the board of Annie T. E. Smart, deceased, Judge Whitney yesterday appointed Charles M. Hite in his place.

One dozen Hawaiian-born folk have applied to Territorial Secretary Thomas for certificates of Hawaiian birth, since the new rules went into effect, and two certificates have been issued.

It is reported that David Fleming, Maui county supervisor, will resign as a result of the appointment of Dr. J. H. Raymond on the board. If this is so, it will give the Governor another chance at filling a vacancy.

Leoluca Kukihiko and Mrs. Maggie Perreira, found guilty by a jury to be a common prostitute, were sentenced yesterday to a month in prison and to pay the costs of the court, which will be split between them.

The supreme court yesterday sustained the exception taken from Judge Stuart's recent decision in the case of Joseph P. Mendonca against the Japanese Bank partners and K. Sumaru. In the lower court Judge Stuart sustained a demurrer on behalf of the defendants. This was excepted to and the exception is now sustained.

Joseph P. Mendonca, former postmaster of Honolulu, who has been appointed manager of the People's Bank of Hilo, has not yet signed as referee in bankruptcy for this island. When he does, Judge Clement will appoint his successor. Attorney Charles S. Davis and Howard Green are said to be among those now under consideration for the place.

First reading of the new bonus plan of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association, with its references to the division of the present bonus year into two periods, led to the impression that the bonus was to be paid twenty per cent monthly and the balance at the end of each six months. The latter, as stated in The Advertiser yesterday, is an error. The portion of the bonus held back will be paid to the laborers annually, as at present. With this exception, the exposition of the plan of the planters as given in this paper yesterday was correct. E. D. Tenney, chairman of the labor committee of the association, was quoted yesterday as stating that The Advertiser was "entirely wrong." If Mr. Tenney does so state, which we do not believe, as he is not given to loose talk, it must be that he failed to read carefully what this paper said. Either that or Mr. Tenney doesn't know himself what the plan of his committee means.

Dr. J. H. Raymond has been appointed to accept the appointment as supervisor for the County of Maui, and so notified the Governor. In an interview with Raymond, published in The Advertiser yesterday, the doctor said:

"The position is one that I did not seek in any way. The Governor appointed me and sent my commission to Maui without asking me about it. I saw him yesterday and Mr. Pinkham told me what he had done. I have not fully made up my mind yet whether or not to accept the responsibility."

Yesterday the statement was made by the doctor that he had had some business about accepting an appointment of the light that had been made against his appointment by certain interests in Maui. He claims these persons told the Governor that on account of his defeat at the last election for the office he has just been appointed to, he was ineligible for appointment and that the people of Maui had expressed their disapproval of him at the polls at the last election.

In accepting the office, Doctor Raymond is trying to assist in the "efficiency" program inaugurated by the Governor, who picked him out as best fitted to carry on the work in Maui. Doctor Raymond will leave for home in the Lurline this evening.

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PERSONALS

(From Wednesday Advertiser)
Mr. and Mrs. Paul Scheid will leave today in the Mauna Kea, for Maui, on a trip to Haleakala.

John O'Rourke, the well known Hilo and San Francisco horseman, was an arrival in the Lurline yesterday from the Coast.

Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Wadsworth of Kuluhi, Maui, arrived in the Mauna Kea yesterday and expect to remain in the city some time.

Harry Gregson, well known in this city, has just returned from Kona, where he went of a matter of business concerning property he has there.

Mr. and Mrs. August Hamburg of 1508 Keenoku street received into their home last Sunday a little girl. They have named her Marietta August.

Bishop Henry Bond Restarick was an arrival from the Big Island yesterday in the Mauna Kea. He made a short pastoral visit to the Hawaii churches under his direction.

Capt. Frederick H. Hauke, of the Honolulu police force, and Mrs. Hauke, of 2310 Lahoa avenue, Kaimuki, welcomed a little youngster into their home yesterday. It is a boy.

Henry Cushingham Kawaiwani O'Sullivan, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. O'Sullivan, entertained at the residence of his parents last evening. It was in celebration of the young man's first anniversary.

Henry J. Lyman of Kapoho, Puna, Hawaii, is in the city. Mr. Lyman is one of the two delegates from the Territory to the Republican national convention which will meet in Chicago early next month.

W. H. Smith, a Hilo lawyer, arrived in the Mauna Kea yesterday. Among other arrivals from Hilo in the same steamer were B. F. Schone, Dr. and Mrs. H. L. Ross, H. Holmes, J. N. S. Williams, C. H. Olson, C. F. Eckardt and Henry W. Kinney.

Mrs. E. N. Johnson, United States Engineer Corps, who has been in Australia, studying harbor and river improvement is returning in the Sonoma to his post in Wilmington, Delaware, where he is in charge of harbor improvements.

Among the arrivals in the Mauna Kea from Hilo yesterday were Mrs. A. Deane and two children, J. H. Wilson, Mrs. L. H. Tulloch, Miss R. Stubble, Mrs. E. C. Jenkins and child, J. G. Sorrao Jr., and J. Maguire. Miss Irene Garcia arrived in the same steamer from Maui.

Judge Charles E. Parson, who has just been succeeded on the bench of the Fifth circuit court by Judge Clement K. Quinn, arrived in the Mauna Kea yesterday. He has become a law partner of Robert W. Brookes and will make his home in Honolulu, after a residence of almost twenty years in Hilo.

J. M. de Oliveira of Hilo returned in the Lurline yesterday, after spending several months in the island of St. Michael, Azores, where he was born and from which he had been absent for a third of a century. His mother, who had left the islands seven years ago with her husband, who died in St. Michael, several months ago, accompanied her son and will make her home in Hawaii again.

(From Thursday Advertiser)
Thomas J. Flynn, postoffice inspector, has returned from an official tour of the island of Maui.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Wagner of 681 Utah street, San Francisco, desire to announce the engagement of their daughter, Margaret, to Edmund P. Deinet of Punahoa, Maui, Hawaiian Islands.

Miss Miriam Dickinson filed an application for a passport in the office of the clerk of the federal court yesterday. She expects to leave in the Tenyo Maru on June 16 and will travel in China and Japan.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hind, Mrs. H. P. Redding, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hind, R. F. Schone, Manuel de Costa Jr., and Francis Gray were among residents of the other islands who left in the Matsunia yesterday for San Francisco.

Application for a passport was filed yesterday in the office of the clerk of the federal court by John Simpson Lynde of Honolulu, Hamakua, Hawaii. The boy, accompanied by Mrs. Boyle, will leave New York on June 24 in the S. S. Philadelphia, for England.

Arthur A. Wilder, Lawrence M. Judd, R. M. von Holt, J. M. Dockert, Charles B. Rose, Joseph R. Bode, Joseph O. Johnston, J. A. Bishop and Douglas Cook were among Honoluluans who left in the Matsunia yesterday on business and pleasure trips to the mainland.

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REPUBLICS SOLD

FOR ONE MILLION

STEAMER SALVED AT PAPEETE AND

RECENTLY HERE COST LESS

THAN \$100,000

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SAN FRANCISCO, May 5.—One million dollars has been paid by Eastern purchasers for the American steamer Republic, formerly the German steamer Walkure, sunk at Papeete and recently salvaged.

San Francisco interests paid the French government \$29,000 for her cargo in her when she was sunk, which was included in the purchase price paid for her salvage.

This is one of the amazing instances of enhanced shipping values, probably the most remarkable of all that have become publicly known. It was published in The Advertiser Tuesday that negotiations were under way by John A. Hooper, Sudden & Christensen and the George W. McNear interests of San Francisco for her sale to a New York syndicate for a price said to be in excess of \$1,000,000. News of the sale follows hard upon this.

On her way from Papeete to San Francisco the Republic halted here, March 8, under provisional American registry, permanent registry to be given at San Francisco. A full description of the vessel, of her sinking and of the manner of the salvage was published in The Advertiser at that time. Since she arrived at San Francisco repairs have been made, principally to the boilers and hull, which was struck several times by shell-fire from German men-of-war of von Spee's fleet when Papeete was bombarded. She was captured by the French at the beginning of the war. Opening of sea routes was the immediate cause of the Republic's sinking, however.

Capt. Leeb Curtis, well known here, was in charge of the salvage crew which went to Papeete in the steamer Chelchis.

The salvage was paid for by the cargo must be in error, unless the vessel had something in her holds of which nothing was known here. She had only 2000 tons of phosphate rock, hardly worth more than five dollars a ton in San Francisco. Loaded at Papeete were 80 tons of copra and shells which she took to San Francisco. This was not included in the purchase, it is presumed. Part of the phosphate rock would be placed in San Francisco for less than \$100,000, this sum including the \$29,000 paid to the French.

Estimates of her value, made when she was here, were that she was worth at least \$500,000, as war prices went but this startling figure simply knocked gully west by the actual sale for an expenditure of about \$100,000.

A vessel was secured which sells for \$1,000,000. It is not known here what repairs cost, but probably not much for the engines, in particular, were in good shape, having been coated with grease before the vessel was sunk.

The Republic was built at Sunderland, England, by William Duxford & Sons in 1907. She is a turret-decker of 3500 gross tonnage, 240 ft. 24 in. long, 40 beam and 23.9 deep. She was under German registry, home port Hamburg.

Here's another chance for Peter B. Kyrle to write a story of her, as he did once.

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First Complication

ONE of the most troublesome complications that would result on the breaking off of our diplomatic relations with Germany, points out the Army and Navy Journal, would be the readjustment all over the world caused by the taking over by the diplomatic representative of some other neutral country of the duties those of the United States have been carrying on their shoulders from the time the war broke out in August, 1914. To these duties the various nations have been adding one by one as they entered the war. The American representatives of the State Department in Great Britain, Russia, France, Serbia, Japan and Portugal have been acting in the interest of Germany since each of these countries declared war against that nation. Similarly Ambassador Gerard has been caring for the interests of these countries in Berlin. Probably the ambassador or minister of one of the South American republics would take over these tasks. That nations may have ended diplomatic intercourse with each other and still remain at peace is shown through such comparatively recent instances as the long break between Great Britain and Venezuela, over their boundary dispute; the fact that Peru and Chile have no diplomatic representatives at the present time; Germany and Italy are getting along with what is styled "suspended diplomatic intercourse"; and the break between Austria-Hungary and the Mexican Republic, following the assassination of the Emperor Maximilian, did not result in anything more serious.

Proof of Prohibition

A bill has been introduced into the Russian Duma to put into effect the government's promise that the war prohibition of alcoholic drinks shall continue in force after the war. The bill, as summarized by the Novoye Vremya, provides:

"It is forbidden to produce alcohol for the purposes of manufacture of vodka. Equally prohibited is the import of alcohol from foreign countries and from the Grand Duchy of Finland. The production of alcohol by private institutions and persons, either for sale or for their own consumption or for household purposes, is also prohibited. The production of alcohol for technical or medical purposes is to be carried on by the government directly or through contractors. The government has the sole right to sell spirits for these purposes."

"The sale of light wines is only allowed in towns. In provinces and districts which grow grapes the sale of wine—not on draught—is allowed. The limit of alcohol for different kinds of wine is to be fixed by the government."

"The sale of beer is allowed only in towns. The government is also to fix for beer the limit of alcohol. Town councils have the right to issue regulations limiting or prohibiting altogether the sale of beer and light wines."

The government's position in the matter was thus outlined by M. Bark, minister of finance, in his budget speech: "Among the factors which have helped to keep our budget balance it is impossible to overestimate the new factor in the economic life of our country—the total abstinence from alcoholic drinks. The success of this measure, which cannot be completely realized, is such that I am bound to state most emphatically that the prohibition is not to be abolished after the war."

Means a Great Deal

THIRTEEN hundreds of thousands of dollars monthly which the increased bonus now in force on the plantations will give to the laborers, and the millions which will be disbursed in the annual bonus payments in sugar maintains its current high prices, mean more to the Territory generally than the distribution of like amounts in almost any other way. The increased earnings will be distributed amongst forty thousand individuals and be almost immediately in general circulation. Comparatively little of the money will be retired from circulation in bank accounts or investments, the bulk being almost certain to go in improving the standard of living.

The planters, by taking the initiative in the matter of making it possible for the laborers to earn substantial additions to their wages, on terms that are certainly not onerous, have again demonstrated their good business sense and their ability to look ahead to plan on broad and liberal lines.

Despatch from London, gravely passed by the censor and solemnly marked "official," says: "A reception and dance was given to the British force in the Kamerun by the King of Fumban shortly after the capture of his province from the German forces. The function was featured by a speech from the throne and the taking of a photograph of the king and his 100 wives and 149 children."

Thirteen inches of rain in sixteen hours sounds like some dew but Hamakua is not in it with Kau. That district holds the record, twenty-six inches in four hours, at the time of the cloud-burst last autumn, when the flood washed a chasm sixty feet wide and forty deep in the middle of the government road. A perfectly truthful observer vouches for the accuracy of all these measurements.

It is going to be a "gradual withdrawal" from Mexico, but why gradual? If the administration is going to give the country another nasty dose to swallow, why not in one gulp. It is not going to taste any better by dragging it out.

It is no reflection upon Doctor Raymond to state that his nomination to the Maui board of supervisors comes as a disappointment. There was some hope that Our Governor would have sense enough not to play politics with the judiciary, and the power of appointment of police magistrates was voted to him by a Republican legislature because it had confidence in his good faith. About the